

THE GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 19.
STATE OF WISCONSIN.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

BY THE GOVERNOR.

Since the early days of the Republic it has been the custom of the people to assemble on a day of thanksgiving, praise and feasting, rendering unto the Giver of All Good a sincere expression of gratitude for His unfailing care and goodness. Now, therefore, I, William D. Hoard, governor of the state of Wisconsin, in conformity with the most fitting custom and the proclamation of the president of the United States, do appoint Thursday, November 22nd, 1889, as a day of thanksgiving.

I furthermore recommend that on that day the people of Wisconsin abstain from all labor and give thanks to Almighty God, by appropriate exercises in their places of worship and their homes, for the abundant mercies which we have received at His hands in the past year. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of Wisconsin to be affixed. Done at the capitol, in [Great Seal] Madison, this 17th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine.

WILLIAM D. HOARD.
By the Governor:
ERNEST G. TREMPER, Secretary of State.

TO-DAY'S ANNIVERSARIES.

Born: James A. Garfield, 1831.
Died: Schubert, 1828.
Fitz-Greene Halleck, 1867.
Santa Cruz earthquake, 1898.

THE DEMOCRATIC PROGRAMME.

There comes from Washington an outline of the policy the democratic party in congress propose to adopt during the coming session. The following are the four points they propose to make if possible: (1) To so gerrymander the state of Ohio as to reverse its political natural republican majority, and by means of new democratic districts there to offset the republican gains in the new states. (2) To prevent by filibustering the enactment of a federal election law, so that the reign of the tussle ballot, the bulwark, and the fraudulent counter of votes in the south shall continue. (3) Filibuster to prevent the adoption of a law in the house which will enable the house of representatives to be based upon the fundamental law of the republic that the majority shall govern. (4) To prevent by filibustering the enactment of an apportionment law for the reapportionment of representatives under the census of 1890.

It will not be at all strange if this proposed policy should be attempted. When ever the democratic party cannot win by constitutional means, then it resorts to means that are revolutionary. Anything for success, is the battle-cry of the leaders of the democracy. A good illustration of this is the attempt in the winter of 1876-7 to purchase enough electoral votes to secure the election of Mr. Tilden. The finding of a key to the cipher characters used in telegraphing bids for the votes, revealed a more diabolical plot than was ever discovered before in a civilized government. And yet the democratic party, with hardly an exception, endorsed the secret cipher method adopted by Mr. Tilden to secure the 183 electoral votes.

It is such a scheme as this with all its blackness and crime, and with it the Barum scheme to carry Indiana in 1880 when he telegraphed the famous message—"Send seven more miles"—what shall hinder the democratic conscience from attempting to adopt the revolutionary means just telegraphed from Washington? Certainly nothing. If any advantage can be gained by revolutionary methods, the advantage will be secured, and the revolutionists will laugh at the scheme.

It is a great pity that there is not lofty statesmanship and high-born patriotism enough in the democratic party to crush any such revolutionary methods in congress. A fair election should be the pride of every American. An honest count should be demanded by every citizen, no matter to which party he belongs. The exalting and patriotic words of James G. Blaine in 1884, when New York was still in doubt—"If Mr. Cleveland carries the state by one honest vote, every fair minded citizen should demand that he be inaugurated president." Is there any democratic politician in all the land that will show the same patriotic spirit, this raising above party, that right may triumph no matter what it shall cost a party?

THE INTERNAL REVENUE.

The aggregate receipts of the internal revenue department of the government for the fiscal year ending the 30th of last June, were \$130,894,000, being some six million dollars more than for the previous year.

The consumption of tobacco and snuff is on the increase. There are in the country 4,576 grain distilleries, and 4,349 molasses and fruit distilleries. The total number of gallons of spirits produced during the year was 87,887,456, an increase of nearly twenty millions over last year, of which 14,477,175 gallons are in the form of bourbon whisky.

In spite of all temperate measures, the consumption of beer and whisky is on the increase. With the increase of population comes the increase of the consumption of all kinds of intoxicating drinks. This is not a surprising fact when it is considered that very nearly three quarters of a million of emigrants come here annually. With most of them the habit of drinking beer especially, is fixed, so there is not much hope that there will be any important decrease in the general consumption of either malt liquors or bourbon in the near future.

It may be an item of interest for the general public, that it cost the government \$4,155,725 to collect the 130 mil-

lions, which is a fraction less than 3.2 percent of the total amount collected. These figures of percentage do not differ materially from the cost of making the collections during previous administrations including that of Mr. Cleveland's.

A paper called the National Issue, a prohibition paper, sums up the liquor problem as follows:

"Twenty-five snakes running through the streets—that's free whisky. Twenty-five snakes gathered into a box to which twenty-five holes are made by authority of the court—that's low license. Ten of the holes are closed, and the snakes are left through the other fifteen—that is high license. Drive all the snakes over to the next village—that is local option. Kill all the snakes—that is prohibition."

The New York Commercial Advertiser, which supports the local option movement, moves to amend by striking out the last clause and substituting, "say there are no snakes—that's prohibition."

Military authorities at Washington are beginning to discuss the problem of securing smokeless powder for American small arms and cannon. A fine field is open now for some Yankee inventor to go to work and invent an American powder of this kind.

Some one suggests that New Mexico be called New Granada. As the abbreviation of this name would be "N. G.," it is not likely that the New-Mexicans will fall in with the suggestion.

A BELLAMY MISCEUE.

A Tramp's Vain Effort to Hasten the Millennium.

The growing heartless indifference of wealth to the sufferings of the poor was illustrated anew the other day in a manner calculated to cause the esteemed Mr. Bellamy to look forward all day and all night as well as backward. While a crowd of well-dressed citizens were waiting at the corner of Fourth and Townsend streets for the next Monterey train to arrive, a seedy-looking party stepped between the rails and called out in heart-broken tones:

"Kind friends, I am broke and starving; I can't find work, and am going to kill myself!"

Everybody stared at the would-be suicide, but no one said anything. "I repeat," said the desperate man, "that I am about to throw myself in front of the train that is coming. I suppose you have all read 'Looking Backward.' Don't have to tell you that on my mangled remains. If you will chip in twenty dollars it will encourage me to wait for the Bellamy millennium."

No action was taken by the convention, although the distant whistle of the approaching train could be heard. Parties were waiting to tell this story at private entertainments, and do so with realistic effect by placing a couple of canes about four feet apart on the floor to represent a railroad track.

"The swooping engine of destruction rapidly approaches," said the tramp in trembling tones. "I will consent to live for fifteen dollars. Who will hand round the hat in the sacred cause of humanity?"

The amendment failed to pass. [NOTE.—Good story-tellers can also greatly work up the situation by instructing a friend to begin about here and imitate the whistle of a distant locomotive.]

"My charitable hearers," shouted the tramp as the train thundered into sight, "remember that a precious human life hangs in the balance. I will get off the track for ten dollars cash, but no mutilated coin take!"

The motion was not seconded. The train was only five hundred yards away.

[NOTE.—A couple of blocks of wood covered with sand and paper rubbed briskly together make a life-like imitation of a train in motion.]

"Third and last call!" screamed the suicide, "Five dollars—only five!" No takers.

"Whole crowd busted, eh?" yelled the tramp sarcastically. "As I have no wish to rob the extremely indigent, I will subscribe the whole amount myself. And he just cleared the cow-catcher as he skipped off the track. Then he drifted sadly away muttering, "Looks like that Bellamy fellow ought to get out an extension on his millennium patent, somehow."

WHY THE LEAVES TURN.

Reasons for the Changing Shades of Autumn Time.

"Probably not one person in a thousand knows why leaves change their color in the fall," remarked an eminent botanist the other day. "The common and old-fashioned idea is that all this red and golden glory we see now is caused by frosts. A true and scientific explanation of the causes of the coloring of leaves would necessitate a long and intricate discussion. Stated briefly and in proper language, these causes are these: The green matter in the tissue of a leaf is composed of two colors, red and blue. When the sap ceases to flow in the fall, and the natural growth of the tree ceases, oxidation of the tissue takes place. Under certain conditions the green leaf changes to red; under different conditions it takes on a yellow or brown tint. This difference in color is due to the difference in combination of the original constituents of the green tissue and to the varying conditions of climate, exposure and treatment. A dry, cold climate produces more brilliant foliage than one that is damp and warm. This is the reason that our American autumns are so much more gorgeous than those of England. There are several things about leaves that even science cannot explain. For instance, why one of those trees growing side by side of the same age and having the same exposure, should take on a brilliant red in the fall, and the other should turn yellow; or why one branch of a tree should be highly colored and the rest of the tree have only a yellow tint, are questions that are as impossible to answer as the why one member of a family should be perfectly healthy and another sickly. Maples and oaks have the brightest colors."

Beobham's Pills set like magic on a weak stomach.

Card of Thanks.

If the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam could publish a card of thanks, containing expressions of gratitude which come to him daily from those who have been cured of severe throat and lung troubles by the use of Kemp's Balsam, it would fill a fair sized book. How much better to invite all to call on any drug-gist and get a free sample bottle than you may test for yourself its power. Large bottles 50c, and \$1.00.

UNITED STATES OF BRAZIL.

ARTICLES OF FEDERATION AGREED UPON.

Each Province to Become a State, Having Its Own Local Government—Dom Pedro's Departure.

RIO JANEIRO, Nov. 19.—The city awoke last Friday to hear the republic proclaimed. Gen. Da Fonseca, Senator Constant, and others, proceeded to Petropolis in the morning and informed the Emperor that he had been deposed. Dom Pedro, surrounded by his family, received the deputation with absolute composure. Gen. Da Fonseca was the spokesman. He said that Brazil had advanced to the point of the path of civilization to dispense with the monarchy. The country, while grateful to the Emperor for his patriotic services, was firmly resolved to recognize only the republic. Dom Pedro made a dignified reply. He declined to abdicate, but said he would yield to force.

The imperial family was allowed one hour to prepare for their departure. Carriages escorted by soldiers were waiting to take them to the outer harbor, where a man-of-war was lying under steam. The captain had been instructed to sail as soon as the imperial family had embarked. He had received sealed orders instructing him what route to take. It is supposed that the Emperor will allow the deposed Emperor \$500,000 de reis per annum during his life.

The denomination adopted by the government for the republic is the United States of Brazil. The Governors named by the provisional government are all military men. The province of Bahia has proclaimed for the republic. Peace and quietness reign.

The five articles of the government decrees are:

1. The republic is proclaimed.
2. The provinces of Brazil, united by federation, compose the United States of Brazil.
3. Each State will form its own local government.

4. Each State will send a representative to the Congress, which will convene shortly, and the final decision of which the provisional government will await.

5. The President of the Republic will maintain order and protect the citizens' rights. The nation's internal relations will be presented meanwhile by the provisional government.

Senor Patrocinio has been imprisoned for conspiring against the republic. Peace and quietness reign.

Will Carry Out Imperial Contracts.

London, Nov. 19.—Dr. Barboza, the new Brazilian minister of finance, has telegraphed to the Brazilian minister here to the following effect:

"The government is constituted as the United States of Brazil. The monarchy is deposed and Dom Pedro and his family have left the country. The provinces have signified their adherence to the government. Tranquility and general satisfaction prevail. The republic will strictly respect all State engagements, obligations, and contracts."

The Brazilian minister is directed to notify the stock exchange that all financial engagements entered into by the imperial government will be faithfully observed by the republic.

Official Confirmation at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—A long cable-gram has been received by the Brazilian minister containing a complete official confirmation of the report of the revolution already published.

The communication states officially that the empire is abolished and the Emperor sent out of the country; that a republic has been established under the name of the United States of Brazil; that the provisional government has been formed and the officers already named in the public dispatches; that all the provinces have assented to the new government; that peace and order prevail; and that the new government will carry out all the contracts and agreements of the old one. This information the minister laid officially before the State department. The cablegram does not state whether the minister and other representatives of the former government here will be recalled or directed to continue their relations as before, nor does it refer to the delegates to the conference of the pan-American congress now in session here. It is presumed by the officials themselves that the matter will be determined until the new government has had time and opportunity to shape its policy and determine with reference to its officers to carry out the terms of the minister's resignation. The minister desires it to be stated that he has not resigned and has not been recalled.

Just before the marine conference rose for the noon recess Admiral Vill, of Chile, announced that he had been requested by Capt. Gama and Maurity, the delegates from Brazil, to say that in view of the present condition of affairs in that country they would no longer sit in the conference.

England's Minister Also Confirms It.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Brazilian minister at Vienna has received a cable briefly stating the facts of the revolution. His information is to the effect that: Fonseca, now provisional president of Brazil, secured the triumph of the republic by the force of arms. The army, under Rio Janeiro on Thursday. A committee with a detachment of military proceeded on Friday morning to the imperial palace at Petropolis and informed the Emperor in the presence of his family that he had been deposed. Dom Pedro received the news with composure. Within an hour he was placed on a mail steamer to sail for Lisbon. Financial houses on the continent knew of the contemplated revolt as early as Wednesday, and stocks declined.

Parnell Will Supply His Mother's Wants.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Mr. Parnell has called here to his agent to supply his mother with pay. The agent said he was surprised to learn of her sickness and want.

Did You Notice

The sidewalks on Main and back str. etc? The back street walk we shall build up to the corner of Wheeler street. These represent the class of improvements we plan to have all through the park, and every pledge we have made or shall make later (we have yet in store held back, many surprises for the owners of lots in our addition) will be filled to the letter. We are bound to make friends in this deal. We desire that more than large profits.

A friend of ours said "the writer last Monday, 'Had you put these lots up at auction they would have sold for more than your advertised price, and I can't see what reason you have for making such low prices.'" Of course he could not see, no one can see, but we know that these prices will put us into most friendly relations with every buyer, and that every customer will become for us a walking and talking advertisement, and with this in view what booteth it whether we get full value or not. We shall reap from this sowing later on.

Yours very truly,

Geo. L. & Sarah H. Carrington.

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century, it is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities the strongest, purest, and most healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammoniacal Salts or Alum, and is only in cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.

NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.

To Our Patrons IN JANESVILLE.

DES MOINES, IOWA, Nov. 15th, 1889

Wherever we travel our mind very often carries us back to our friends and customers in our beautiful home city. We are impelled to keep the ball rolling so far as our "Ads" may do it and we are not led to this decision from selfish motives alone, for we know whereof we speak when we assert that in no other city can there be found so desirable homesites as we offer you in our River-view Park Addition, when locally, prices and terms are considered, so at the risk of being called tiresome, we shall from week to week and day to day HARP UP on this theme.

No such a stock ever shown in the Northwest.

It make no difference what style or price you want, we have it. We buy Cloaks by the carload, and

Sell Them at a Swift Gait!

Our peerless line recognizes no competition.

ARCHIE REID.

FIRE SALE!

The Best Made Clothing on Earth.

This seems to be the only kind of a sale left for me to say anything about, consequently I propose to have a Fire Sale without the fire

ON - SATURDAY, - OCTOBER - 19TH,

I shall begin to fire out of my store

Suits for \$10, worth \$10.

Overcoats for \$12, worth \$12

And all other goods on the same basis.

This conflagration will continue for an indefinite period. I will also

Guarantee To Meet Competition!

And will duplicate any prices offered on the same quality of goods.

WHEN THE SMOKE CLEARS AWAY!

you will find me still in the field with plenty of ammunition for the next campaign I am not going out of business, but am prepared to fire out more clothing at bargain prices than any house in the city.

T. J. ZEIGLER,

You can fool ALL of the people SOME of the time

And some of the people all the time.

But you can't fool ALL the people all the time.

—ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

FOREST PARK

Lots bought at present prices are

The Best Investment in Janesville!

The slightest investigation will convince you that the most valuable improvements are being made in the Third ward, and so it will continue to be. Surely

There's Money in Lots at \$300!

within three blocks of the high school, especially when lots one block from the school sell for \$1,600. The natural trees and graded streets, too are not found elsewhere at the price. Great place for children; just turn on loose.

WE ARE FAR AHEAD

ON THE

CLOAK :: QUESTION!

Garments 1,000

NEW.

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and your my prisoner here,
 you need have no fear.
 not scared I hope,

BY
 CHICAGO.

FOR
 HOUSEHOLD
 USE

TICE TO CREDITORS—STATE OF WIS
 consin—County Court for Rock County—in
 vice, is hereby given that at the May
 of the County Court to be held in and for
 County at the Court House, in the City of
 ville, in said county, on the first Tuesday
 May, A. D. 1889, being May 6th,
 at 10 o'clock a. m. the following matters
 be heard, considered and adjusted:
 claims against HENRY BLAWSON, late
 the city of Janesville, in said county, de-
 d.

I such claims must be presented for
 nance to said court, at the court house,
 city of Janesville, in said county,
 or before the 17th day of April,
 1890 or be barred.

ed Oct. 17th, 1889
 the Court.
 J. W. SALE,
 Judge.

LEOF OF WISCONSIN—CIRCUMOUNT
 OR ROCK COUNTY. George Herbert Hin-
 female B. Hieley, plaintiff; vs Lydia
 W. John W. Peters, Mary E. Peters, Eliza
 W. Perkins, (husband of said
 Perkins, M. Ann Jemima K. Peters, Matilda Davis-
 and Lorenzo D. Prichard, defendants,
 and Lorenzo D. Prichard, defendants,
 State of Wisconsin, to the said defendants:
 are hereby summoned to appear with-
 in thirty days after service of this summons,
 in answer to the said day of service, and defend the
 a entitled action in the court aforesaid:
 in case of your failure so to do, judgment
 be rendered against you, according to the
 of the complaint, which was filed in
 office of the clerk of said court, October 10th,
 1889.

Dated October 9th, 1889.
 L. F. PATTEN,
 Plaintiff's Attorney.
 Address, City of Janesville, Rock County
 Wisconsin.

OF WISCONSIN—COUNTY COURT FOR
 ROCK COUNTY.

at the Court House in the City of
 Milwaukee, said County of Wash-
 ings the 3d day of Dec., 1889, at 9 o'clock
 a. m. he did allow me to be heard and
 considered.
 In testimony whereof, I, the undersig-
 ned, at the City of Milwaukee, in the
 County of Ira H. Parnley, and the ap-
 pointment of Ann Eliza Lacey, wife of the town
 of Spring Valley, in said county deceased, Da-
 Nov 18, 1889.
 By the Court, J. W. SALK,
 County Judge.
 nov18dw

STATE OF WISCONSIN—COUNTY COURT FOR
 BOCK COUNTY.—In probate.
 Notice is hereby given that at a regu-
 lar of the county court to be held in and for
 said County at the court house in the City of
 Janesville, in said county on the first Tuesday
 day of the 3d day of December, 1889, at 10
 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be
 heard and considered:
 In the petition of C. E. Phillips for the exami-
 nation, adjustment and allowance of his account
 as executor of the estate of Andrew Barron, late
 of the County of Janesville, in said county, de-
 ceased, late of the City of Janesville, in said
 county, deceased.—Dated Nov. 6th, 1889.
 By the Court,
 nov18dw J. W. SALK, County Judge.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—COUNTY COURT FOR
 BOCK COUNTY.—In probate.
 Notice is hereby given that at a special
 session of the County Court to be held in and
 for said County at the court house in the City
 of Janesville, in said county, on the third
 Tuesday of the month of December, 1889, at
 10 o'clock, a. m., the following matter will be
 heard and considered:
 In the petition of Andrew Barron for the adjust-
 ment and allowance of his account as adminis-
 trator of the estate of Andrew Barron, late of
 the City of Janesville, in said county, deceased
 for the assignment of the residue to such
 persons as may be lawfully entitled thereto. Dated,
 Nov. 7th, 1889.
 By the Court
 nov18dw J. W. SALK, County Judge.

FORECLOSURE SALE.—Lyman Foster, Ryan
 and B. C. Chaffin, Plaintiff, John R. Ryan,
 husband, and A. B. Chaffin, Defendant. No-
 tice is hereby given that by virtue of and
 in pursuance of a certain mortgage duly made
 and rendered in the above entitled action, on
 the 10th day of April 1889, the County Court
 of Bock County, Wisconsin, in favor of the
 above named plaintiff and against the above
 named defendants (all of whom are dead) has
 by an instrument in writing, bearing date
 the 10th day of November 1889, ordered to be
 sold and waived the year of redemption
 (if by statute), I will on Monday, the 30th
 day of December, 1889, at 10 o'clock, a. m.,
 the foreman of that day, at the
 Court House in the City of Janesville, in said
 County of Bock, offer for sale and sell at public
 auction to the highest bidder all the real estate
 owned and mortgaged premises situated in said
 County of Bock and mentioned in the above
 said and judgment directed to be sold, and
 conveyed to the plaintiff, to-wit: A piece or
 parcel of land in the fourth Township of
 (N. 7) block number fourteen (14), in the vil-
 lage of Spring Valley, in said County of Bock,
 the same, and being thirty (30) feet front east
 and thirty (30) feet front north, and
 south. The above described property being

th. A. D. 1882, in volume list of deeds on page 10, of Rock County, Wisconsin, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to pay said debt, together with interest, to the said creditor, to wit: **GEORGE C. BABCOCK**, Sheriff of Rock Co., Wis.
DUNNIDIE & GOLDEN,
Attorneys,
Dunnidiewisw

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—STATE OF WISCONSIN, COUNTY COURT, For Rock County—in probate.
Notice is hereby given that at the June Term of the county court, to be held at said county at the Court House, in the city of Janesville, on the 11th day of June, 1880, on the first Tuesday of June, A. D. 1880, being June 23, 1880, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matters will be heard, considered and adjusted:
All claims against DANIEL H. STOUT, late of the city of Janesville, in said county deceased.
All such claims must be presented for allowance on or before the day of the Court House, in said city of Janesville, in said county, on or before the 7th day of May A. D. 1880, or be barred.—Data of Nov. 1, 1888.
By the Court: **J. W. SALE, Judge.**

STATE OF WISCONSIN—Circuit Court for Rock County. William E. Mansur, plaintiff; vs. J. B. Mansur, defendant.
The State of Wisconsin to the said defendant: You are hereby notified to appear within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled cause in which a copy is made, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is made and served upon you.
JAMES W. CUNNINGHAM,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
P. O. Address, City of Janesville, in Rock County, Wis.
Dunnidiewisw

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—STATE OF WISCONSIN, COUNTY COURT FOR Rock County—in probate.
Notice is hereby given that at the May term of the County Court to be held in and for said County at the Court House in the City of Janesville, in said county, on the first Tuesday of May, A. D. 1880, being May 6th, 1880, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matters will be heard, considered and adjusted:
All claims against Alexander M. Donald, late of the City of Janesville, in said county, deceased.
All such claims must be presented for allowance to said Court, at the Court House in the City of Janesville, in said county, on or before the 15th day of April, A. D. 1880 or be barred.
Dated October 15th, 1880.
By the Court: **J. W. SALE, Judge.**
Dunnidiewisw

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, loss of memory, etc. I will send you a valuable treatise, containing full particulars for home cure, **FREE OF CHARGE**. A man who has been so afflicted with this terrible malady is now a nervous and debilitated. Address, **Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Woodbury, Conn.**

THE GAZETTE.

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

AVERAGE CIRCULATION OF DAILY AND WEEKLY 8,500.

Subscription and Advertising Rates.

DAILY—Per year payable in monthly installments, \$3.00
 (Weekly)—Per year, in advance, 1.50
 Single copies, 5 cents.
 Advertisers are charged for space on a basis of 10 cents per line per week. For long term contracts, special rates will be made. For advertising in the city directory, apply to the publisher.

WE PUBLISH AT HALF RATES.
 Church and society notices of entertainments given for revenue.

WE CHARGE FULL RATES.
 For cards of thanks, obituary notices, financial statements of insurance companies and all other classes of items not considered news.

THE GAZETTE
 is the best advertising medium in Southern Wisconsin, and our rates are based on our circulation and are cheap when so considered. For local or display advertising, circulars fully furnished on application.

GAZETTE PRINTING CO.
 APRIL 19, 1898.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Miss Anna Wallace, fashionable dressmaker; satisfaction guaranteed and prices reasonable. Parlors next to Co-burn's grocery, West Milwaukee street. Call and you will be pleased.

Children's cloaks cheapest at Archie Reid's.

The managers of the late Woman's Exchange have for sale at lowest prices, a square show case. Several lengths of stove pipe, a set of scales and a small clock. The show case is now at Baker's grocery store. Call and see.

We show all the latest styles in cloaks. ARCHIE REID.

Headquarters for school books and school supplies, at Sutherland's Bookstore, east side the river, Janesville.

Our cloak sales so far away ahead of former seasons. ARCHIE REID.

New library lamps (hanging) at Wheelocks, with 25 inch colored linen shade and silk fringe. See our \$2.00 library lamp.

New supply of family and teachers bibles, at the pioneer bookstore of Sutherland & Sons, Janesville.

No such a stock of cloaks in the northwest as we are now showing.

ARCHIE REID.

FOSTER KID GLOVES—We have a lot of first quality Foster gloves in 5 and 7 inch lengths—black and colored—that retail everywhere at \$2 and \$2.50 a pair. Our closing price on them is \$1.50.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

The greatest line of cloaks in the country is one we show.

ARCHIE REID.

You must see our line if you need a cloak. ARCHIE REID.

Children's books—the best supply in the state, at Sutherland's Bookstore, 12 Main street, Janesville.

See that beautiful coral yarn, its wool, and ostrich wool at Spoon & Snyder's.

CLOAKS—We show them by the car load. ARCHIE REID.

FOR SALE CHEAP.

It taken soon, new house and six acres of land on corner of Milton Avenue and Elida streets. In fine shape to sell in acre or half acre lots. D. CONGER.

Boy Brown Bros.' \$2.40 ladies' donkey common sense shoes. Style and wear of any \$3 shoe.

Our plush garments are great card. ARCHIE REID.

FOR RENT—A front room at 104 Park Place facing the court house contains on south. Inquire on the premises.

Leave orders for coal and wood at John H. Myers' grocery and they will receive prompt attention.

DAVID K. JEFFERIS.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms. Enquire at Gazette Office.

A few pieces left of our 15 cent striped German flannels. Buy them while you can. They are cheap.

J. M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A large ten room house, 166 Lynn street, formerly occupied by E. B. Hayward. Inquire 24 South Main street.

—Outway and sack business suits in great variety and at living prices at Zeigler's.

Best fine granulated sugar 7 1/2 cents per lb. at W. T. Vankirk's, Main street.

Remember I will meet any one's prices on coal that handles as good an article. No shed burned dock stuff in ours.

D. K. JEFFERIS.

Caramel sugar, Goldenrod cornmeal (Guten flour—wheat germ meal); try the cottage bread at Denniston's.

T. J. Zeigler advertises a fine sale without the fire. He is selling clothing at bargain just the same.

A few boarders wanted at 206 South Franklin street.

The Milwaukee Clothing Co. are positively going out of business Jan. 1st. Look out for bargains.

After you have made a tour of the market call at T. J. Zeigler's for bargains in clothing.

The Milwaukee Clothing Co. are positively going out of business Jan. 1st. Look out for bargains.

WANTED—101 young married couples to purchase stoves at E. W. Lowell's, 7 and 9 River street. Largest stock and lowest prices in the city.

FURS—All the leading styles at J. M. Bostwick & Son's.

Spoon & Snyder is the headquarters for fascinators, hoods, mittens, hosiery, etc.

House with barn to let; also house without barn. J. W. NASH.

Rooms to rent on the first floor, with or without board. Enquire at the Gazette office.

Look—At these choice lots in the first ward for sale by

Dry last winter's out 24 growth oak. No dozy wood at D. K. Jeffris.

FOR RENT—House No. 205 Division street, near high school. Wm. Ross.

D. Conger's office is the place for bargains in houses, lots, farms and western and.

BRIEFLETS.

—Concordia public dance this evening.

—Ald. J. B. McLean went to Chicago to-day.

—Gov. W. D. Hoard was in the city yesterday.

—Marshall North, of Beloit, was in the city to-day.

—Last night was regular drill night for the Light Infantry.

—Terspirochoreon club party at Columbia Hall to-morrow night.

—Mr. T. B. Earle, a prominent tobacco man of Edgerton, is in the city.

—Dr. F. T. Nye, of Beloit, is in the city to-day on professional business.

—No business of public interest was transacted in the circuit court to-day.

—R. W. Wilson, manager of the Beloit Opera House, was in the city to-day.

—Dr. Joseph Randall, of Clinton, is in the city on business at the Court house to-day.

—Mr. Ohas. D. Stevens and bride have returned home from their wedding tour.

—R. W. Hardie, a prominent patent lawyer, of Albany, N. Y., is stopping at the Windsor.

—Messrs. Geo. Lackner and F. B. Langworthy, of Indian Ford, were in the city to-day.

—Janesville City Lodge No. 30, I. O. O. F., occupy Old Fellows hall this evening—regular weekly meeting.

—Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Murdock, No. 107 Milton avenue, have returned from an extended trip through the east.

—D. K. Jeffris and a force of men went up to Crystal Springs this morning to bring down the steamer Billie Burr.

—Miss Lillie M. Godden who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Geo. S. Parker, of Monroe, for a few days, has returned.

—Western Star Lodge No. 14, F. and A. M., assemble in regular semi-monthly communication this evening at Masonic hall.

—Mr. Earl Billings, publisher of the Ogden (Iowa) Reporter, is in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Burnham, North Bluff street.

—A. C. Gray, president of the Evansville Manufacturing Co., and Geo. L. Pullen, cashier of the Evansville Bank, were in the city to-day.

—Oriental Lodge No. 22, Knights of Pythias, assemble in regular weekly meeting this evening—lodge room in the Jeffris block, West Milwaukee street.

—The N. O. W. Club give one of their very pleasant parties at the Armory this evening. Smith & Anderson will furnish music, and a good time is guaranteed.

—J. E. Heg, proprietor of the Lake Geneva Herald, O. S. French, mayor, and Robert Whiting, all of Lake Geneva, were registered at the Myers house yesterday.

—The ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will meet with Mrs. S. Hayner, North Jackson street, on Friday afternoon at two o'clock. The presence of every member is requested.

—Deacon Wm. Monroe with several assistants left this morning for Montana, where the deacon has a government contract. They bought tickets to Madison where they expect to receive their orders.

—Mr. E. O. Kimberley and wife left this morning for a fortnight's visit with relatives in Green county. Next Sunday Mr. Kimberley will assist in the dedication of a church at Twin Grove.

—Two men armed with Winchester rifles passed through the city this morning. Deacon Monroe thought that they were after him, but when they bought tickets to Portage his fears were allayed.

—The Terspirochoreon club will hold its first party at Columbia hall Wednesday evening November 20th. Smith's orchestra will furnish the music. All former members of the club are expected to be present.

—Mr. Geo. Denniston, railway postal clerk between Chicago and McGregor, Iowa, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Denniston, No. 123 Madison street, returning to Chicago this morning.

—Several delegates to the Sunday school convention to be held in Beloit to-day and to-morrow, left this morning for that city. If they survive the terrible monotony of that village they will probably return the last of the week.

—The funeral of the late Libby Anderson will be held from St. Patrick's church to-morrow (Wednesday) morning at ten o'clock. Brief services will be held at the residence No. 181 Terrace street, first ward, at half past nine.

—W. B. Conrad has a new patent improved duplex striking machine in the alley back of the Court Street M. E. church. Go down and try your muscle.

All the boys have taken a whack at it. John Nelson leads with Geo. Shurtliff a close second.

—Beloit Free Press: Mr. and Mrs. Charles Clark, of Los Angeles, Cal., who have been visiting Beloit friends, went to Janesville Saturday to spend a few days before returning home. They have just returned from an European trip. Mrs. Clark was formerly Miss Abbie Wells, of this city.

—Marshall Hogan has put on the war paint, and authorizes the Gazette to give due warning to all parties who have been in the habit of throwing ashes and refuse matter in the streets or river, that they do so in violation of city ordinances, and from this time forward he will prosecute all persons caught violating the same. Look a little out.

—The Court Street M. E. church ladies will serve a supper in their rooms on Wednesday evening of this week, November 20th, from five to seven o'clock—all for twenty cents. The ladies of the society are requested to gather at three in the afternoon for a social hour. It will pay to remember both hours, especially the supper one from five to seven.

—A contribution to the literature of the controversy about Romanism, just when the recent Catholic Congress at Baltimore has revived the subject, will be made by Bishop McQuaid, of Rochester, New York, in the Forum. He undertakes to show that the common-school system is paternalistic and socialistic in its tendencies, and that a gross wrong is done to Catholic parents by tax money to maintain the public schools.

—On Friday evening of this week, November 22d, there will be an old-fashioned "log rolling" under the auspices of the Florence Camp, Modern Woodmen of America, at the hall of Olive

Branch Lodge No. 36, Ancient Order United Workmen. The programme will consist of a literary entertainment and oyster supper to be followed by a dance. The members of the Modern Woodmen and their families will have a good time. A six inch water main located in front of G. H. Merry's residence, 211 South Academy street, broke this morning. The leakage softened up the ground in such a manner as to make it a little dangerous. About half past eleven o'clock Mr. Jerry Murphy, who was driving on that street, ran into the trap, breaking his wagon and harness somewhat, and slightly injuring his horse. Supt. Howe is at work to repair the break.

—The Bowler City laundry horse isn't much on looks but when it comes to running away it is always on deck. It takes a little run on its own account at every opportunity. Last night the delivery boy left it unattended upon North Bluff street and while he was in the house the horse started out. It tried to turn in at Frank Strickler's and collided with the hitching post, breaking a shaft and otherwise mixing things up. It was caught without other damage.

—The League baseball managers have decided to give up the practice of selling players, and will hereafter release the men to purchase their own releases in order to join other clubs. This is a step in the right direction. The so-called "sale" of players has just been looked on as the most glaring abuse in baseball legislation, and the new rule will do much toward simplifying the differences now existing between the ball-players and the League owners and directors.

—Some days ago the Gazette published a statement from Com. Thom in relation to the impure cream tarter which was placed on the market for sale, stating that but very few samples could be found pure, but much of it was vile adulterations. A day or two ago E. B. Heim, street, of the New York Drugstore, purchased a quantity of cream tarter of a jobber, and to satisfy himself of its purity he sent a sample to Com. Thom. For analysis, and has received the reply as follows:—"The sample of cream tarter which you sent to this office for analysis has been analyzed, and is found to be chemically pure. Am glad to know that you are in possession of one of the few straight articles we have found."

—It is understood that the attorneys for the defendant in the Metcalf murder case are making full preparations for the trial, and it is probable that the case will be sharply contested on both sides.

—Ald. Norris moved as an amendment to Ald. Horn's motion, that the gas committee instruct Mr. Rooney to light the lamps whenever the gas lamps are lighted without extra pay for such service.

The amend was accepted and adopted as the original motion.

Ald. Casey, for a plank culvert on Dodge street across Academy street. Adopted.

Ald. Jackson, for the repair of Milwaukee street, from Main street to the bridge. Adopted.

Ald. Jackson offered the following order, which was adopted:

Ordered by the mayor and common council, of the city of Janesville, that the city clerk be and he is hereby directed to cause written notice to be served by the marshal, or otherwise, upon all owners of slaughter houses, now located upon or near Rock river within the limits of the city, to remove the same, or to cause the slaughtering of animals in said houses to cease, on or before December 1st, 1899, and that the city marshal be and is hereby directed to enforce the provisions of the city ordinance relating to slaughter houses on and after said date.

The matter of making joint repairs of a line road between the city and the town of Janesville, was on motion of Ald. McLean, referred to the aldermen of the fourth and fifth wards, with power to act with the supervisor of the town of Janesville in making such repairs.

Ald. Norris desired to know why certain sidewalks had not been built. He said that the common council had passed orders to have the walks built, but in no case where the property owner had failed to comply with the notice, had the walks been built. If the council meant to use the ordinance, it was for good for anything they should enforce it. He moved that the highway, street and bridge committee look the matter up and report at the next meeting of the council.

Ald. Jackson objected to the motion. The highway, street and bridge committee had no business with the sidewalks. It belonged to the aldermen of the ward and the street commissioner. He would oppose the motion.

Ald. Norris—The aldermen of the wards have nothing to do with it. It is the business of the common council and the street commissioner. They have been trying for years to get them rebuilt. Any other committee would do just as well as the highway, street and bridge committee and they could keep out of Ald. Jackson's ward.

Ald. Jackson moved that the street commissioner report to the council at the next meeting why the walks ordered were not laid.

Ald. McLean—It is the fault of the aldermen and the street commissioner if the walks are not laid. The toughest customer I have to deal with is Charley Wilcox. I have been at him for three or four years. Thirty days ago notice was served on him by the street commissioner, which he chose to disregard. This morning I told the street commissioner to go ahead and put down the walk. To-night Mr. Wilcox came around and said he would finish it himself.

Ald. Jackson's motion was then adopted.

Ald. McLean, at the request of Health Officer Palmer, introduced the following order which was unanimously adopted:

Ordered, by the mayor and common council, of the city of Janesville, that the clerk be and is hereby directed to have the following notice published in our city papers:

"That all property owners in the fire limits be ordered to clean up all refuse material, ashes, etc., in the rear of their property, and if the same is not complied with in five days time, it shall be cleaned up under the supervision of the health officer, and the same be charged in the taxes of such property owner."

On motion of Ald. McLean the council adjourned.

CURE FOR COLD FEET—Warm them. Our large stock of ladies' warm lined shoes ought to fill the bill, and our extremely low prices will sure make you a customer. We will try and save you money on these goods. BROWN BROS.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

Regular Meeting of the Common Council Last Evening.

BUILD YOUR SIDEWALKS.

The Slaughter Houses Must Go—Miscellaneous and Routine Business.

The common council held a regular meeting last evening at the council chamber. His Honor, Mayor St. John, presided, all the aldermen answering to the roll call except Aldermen Conrad, Hanthorn, Rowe and Thoroughgood.

The journal of the last meeting was read and approved.

On application and petition of parties interested, the saloon license of Wm. Schumacher was transferred to W. E. Lighthouse.

The October report of the judge of the municipal court was presented, referred to the judiciary committee, found correct, approved and placed on file.

The October report of the city treasurer was found correct, and on recommendation of the finance committee, was placed on file.

The clerk presented a number of miscellaneous bills against the several funds. Referred to finance committee.

Ald. Baker, of the finance committee, reported in favor of allowing sundry bills against the several funds aggregating as follows:

General fund	\$ 6.57
Highway, street and bridge fund	24.43
Fire fund	92.84
Gas fund	25.00
First ward fund	78
Second ward fund	62.71
Third ward fund	47.74
Fourth ward fund	21.79
Fifth ward fund	62.74
Total	\$483.52

The report was concurred in.

Ald. Horn, of the gas committee, to whom had been referred the question of lighting the oil lamps on dark and cloudy nights, stated that the contract, with Mr. Rooney called for the lighting of the oil lamps on all nights the gas lamps were lighted.

Ald. Norris moved as an amendment to Ald. Horn's motion, that the gas committee instruct Mr. Rooney to light the lamps whenever the gas lamps are lighted without extra pay for such service.

The amend was accepted and adopted as the original motion.

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CURE FOR COLD FEET—Warm them. Our large stock of ladies' warm lined shoes ought to fill the bill, and our extremely low prices will sure make you a customer. We will try and save you money on these goods. BROWN BROS.

FARMERS' INSTITUTES OPEN.

TO-DAY'S SESSION AT SEYMOUR AND COLBY—A NEW AND VALUABLE FEATURE.

MADISON, Nov. 18.—The farmers' institute season begins to-morrow, with institutes at Seymour and Colby, under the direction of a double corps of speakers and instructors. The institute at Seymour will be instructed by J. M. True of Baraboo, and the one at Colby will be supervised by Dairy and Food Commissioner Thom. Superintendent W. H. Morrison went to Seymour this afternoon to be present at the initial institute there on Tuesday and Wednesday, and during the session he will divide his time between the two corps of workers. Mr. Morrison states that the present will be the most successful season in many particulars of any of the preceding.

The work for this year has been laid out on a more systematic basis than ever before, and while the character of the instruction has been given increased attention, hopeful results are looked for in larger attendance at the sessions and an increased interest from the farmers and stockbreeders of the state. In addition to practical addresses on farm and dairy topics, there will this season be introduced a system of investigation into the results obtained by individuals in dairy and other branches. For this purpose blank report cards are furnished by the superintendent, the blanks to be filled in by the person making the report. Thus, in the manner of dairying, there would be given the breed of cows; summer expenses of the same; winter expense of the same; kinds and amounts of feed during different seasons; income during the year, and other statistics, which, when the reports are averaged up, will prove of immense practical value for the future guidance of dairy farmers and others. Governor Hoard will lend his aid at the institutes from time to time, and give practical talks on dairying.

TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE FOR ROCK COUNTY.

The following are the real estate transfers for the week ending November 18, 1899, as reported by C. L. Valentini, Register of Deeds.

Byron Vaughn and wife to Peter Maloney, 1/2 sec. 22, town of Porter, 40 acres	\$2,000.00
Alfred P. Smith and wife to John J. Warren, part lots 47 and 48, Mitchell 2nd add. to Janesville	1,600.00
Edward A. Raymond to John Raymond, lot 173, Mitchell's 3d add. to Janesville	250.00
Edward A. Raymond to John Raymond, lot 173, Mitchell's 3d add. to Janesville	250.00
Elizabeth P. Salmon to Julia A. Salmon, part lot 3 block 2, city of Beloit	3,000.00
John E. Sargent and wife to John Bonb, part lots 3, block 3, city of Janesville	250.00
Lester T. Rogers and wife to Fremont Moore, sec. 4, block 3, Rodgers add. village of Milton Junction	125.00
Albert Strickler and wife to J. H. Arthur, part lot 3, block 3, city of Janesville	10.00
Edwin H. Barker and wife to John H. Barker, sec. 4 of frac lot 3, section 10, town of Janesville	231.25
Max E. Beck and wife to Frank J. Beck, sec. 4 of frac lot 3, section 10, town of Janesville	231.25
Clark O. Baker and wife to John E. Baker, lot 3, block 3, city of Beloit	250.00
E. G. Chesbro and wife to Charles M. Bradford, part lots 2, town of Bradford	2,000.00
Charles H. Hopkins and wife to Anna E. Hopkins, sec. 10, town of Janesville	300.00
Edward J. Gorman to John J. Gorman, sec. 10, town of Janesville	310.00

I suffered with rheumatism in the shoulder for months and the only thing I found that did me any good was Sarsaparilla. It cured me and I recommend it to all suffering with said disease.

N. Uman, Pearl St., Baltimore, Md. A lady who has suffered for over three months the extreme torture from a violent cough has become completely cured by Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.